

Hilbⁿ(C²) and link homology

Hilbⁿ(C²) = {ideals I ⊂ C[x,y] | dim C[x,y]/I = n}
Smooth, dim = 2n, symplectic

$$\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2) \xrightarrow{\pi} S^n \mathbb{C}^2$$

I ↦ supp(C[x,y]/I)
symplectic resolution! (see Joel's lectures)

$$S^n \mathbb{C}^2 = \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_n, y_1, \dots, y_n]^{S_n} \text{ affine Poisson.}$$

Two C* actions on C² lift to C* actions on Hilbⁿ(C²):

- Hamiltonian torus (x,y) → (qx, q⁻¹y) T
- Conical torus (x,y) → (tx, ty)
- Lagrangian (attracting) subvariety:
 $\lim_{q \rightarrow 0} (qx, q^{-1}y)$ exists if y = 0

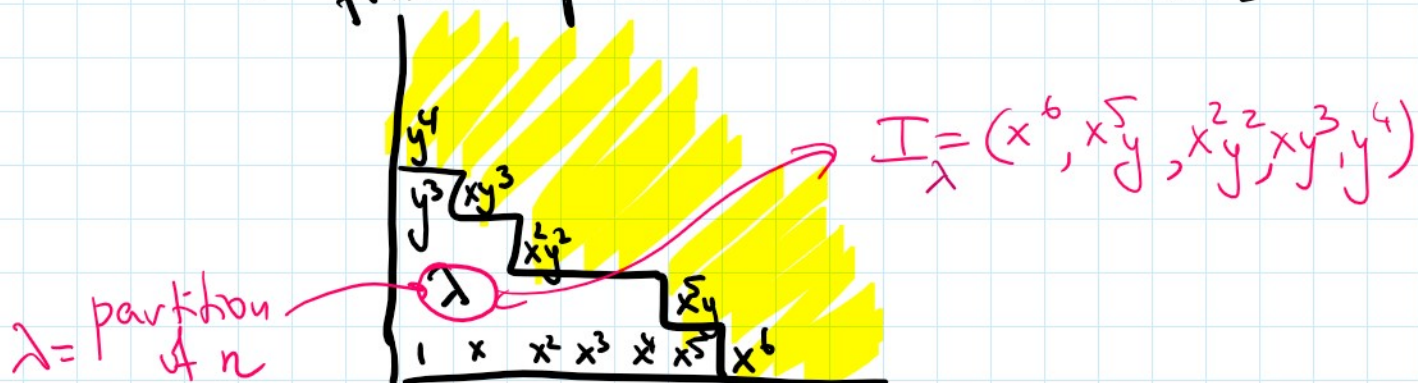
$$\Rightarrow L = \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2)^{\oplus} = \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C})$$

notations from Joel's lecture

$$\text{supp}(C[x,y]) \subset \mathbb{A}^2 = \mathbb{A}^1$$

$$\text{supp} \left(\frac{\mathbb{C}[x,y]}{I} \right) = \{y=0\}$$

- T-fixed points = monomial ideals

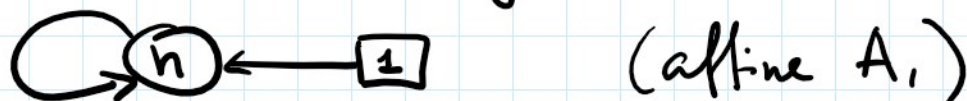


$I_\lambda = \text{ideal generated by monomials outside } \lambda$

- Tautological bundle \mathcal{T} , rank = k
fiber over $I = \frac{\mathbb{C}[x,y]}{I}$

$$\det \mathcal{T} = \wedge^n \mathcal{T} = \mathcal{O}(1) \text{ line bundle}$$

- $\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2) = \text{both}$ the Higgs and Coulomb branch
for $(G, N) = (GL_n, gl_n \oplus \mathbb{C}^n)$



(Braverman, Finkelberg, Nakajima)

$$\underline{\text{Conj}}(G, \text{Neyuf}, \text{Rasmussen}) = \underline{\text{Thm}}(\text{Ololomkov}, \text{Rozansky})$$

$$\beta = \text{braid on } n \text{ strands} \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta \quad \mathbb{C}^* \times \mathbb{C}^* \text{ equivariant sheaf on } \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C})$$

$$(a) \quad \text{HHH}(\beta) = H^*(\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}) \times \mathcal{F}_\beta \otimes \wedge^k \mathcal{T}^\vee)$$

$$(a) \quad \text{HHH}(\beta) = H_{\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}}^0(\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}), \mathcal{F}_\beta \otimes \wedge^t \mathcal{T}^\vee)$$

\uparrow q, t -degrees \uparrow a -degree

(b) Action of x_i on $\text{HHH}(\beta) \leftrightarrow$ support of \mathcal{F}_β

Ex $\beta = \text{knot} \Rightarrow$ all x_i act the same way on $\text{HHH}(\beta)$
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta$ is supported on $\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0)$

all points are the same = 0
up to shift.

Ex $\beta = T(n, kn+1) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta = \mathcal{O}(k)$ on $\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0)$

(c) More generally, $\beta \rightarrow \beta \cdot T(u, n)$ full twist
 $\mathcal{F}_\beta \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta \otimes \mathcal{O}(1)$

Ex $\beta = T(2, 3) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta = \mathcal{O}(1)$ on $\text{Hilb}^2(\mathbb{C}^2, 0) = \mathbb{P}^1$

$$H_{\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}}^0(\mathbb{P}^1, \mathcal{O}(1)) = q + t$$

$\beta = T(3, 4) \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta = \mathcal{O}(1)$ on $\text{Hilb}^3(\mathbb{C}^2, 0) =$
 one over twisted cubic

Exercise $\dim H^0(\text{Hilb}^3(\mathbb{C}^2, 0), \mathcal{O}(1)) = 5$
 same as $\text{HHH}(T(3, 4))!$

Ex $\beta = T(m, n)$

$\text{FHilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0)$

$\xrightarrow{\beta} \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0)$

$$\text{FHilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0) \xrightarrow{p} \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, 0)$$

$\{\mathbb{C}[x, y] \supseteq I_1 \supseteq \dots \supseteq I_n\}$
 nested Hilbert
 scheme

$\mathcal{O}_k = I_{k-1} / I_k$
 line bundle

$$\mathbb{F}_{T(n, n)} = p_* \left(\mathcal{O}_1^{a_1} \dots \mathcal{O}_n^{a_n} \right) \quad (\text{G.-Nefut})$$

where $a_i = \lfloor \frac{in}{n} \rfloor - \lfloor \frac{(i-1)n}{n} \rfloor$

Note: Need to use dg structure on FHilb to
 define p_* .

What about identity braid?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_n & \longrightarrow & (\mathbb{C}^2)^n \\ \downarrow q & & \downarrow \\ \text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2) & \longrightarrow & S^n \mathbb{C}^2 \end{array}$$

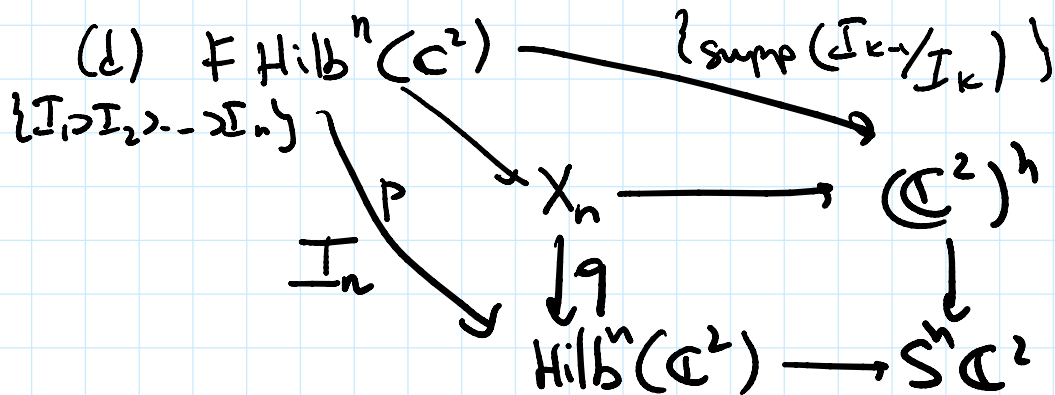
Then (Haiman) (a) $X_n =$ blow up of $(\mathbb{C}^2)^n$ along
 the union of diagonals

(b) $X_n = \text{Proj} \hat{\bigoplus}_{k=0}^{\infty} J^k$ where

$J = \bigcap_{i \neq j} (x_i - x_j, y_i - y_j) =$ ideal of the
 union of
 diagonals.

(c) $p_* \mathcal{O}_{X_n} = \mathcal{P}$ Projective bundle
 $\mathcal{P} =$ vector bundle on $\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2)$

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$$p_* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{F}\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2)} = q_* \mathcal{O}_{X_n} = \mathcal{P}$$

$$\beta = 1 \parallel \dots \parallel \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta = \mathcal{P} |_{\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C})}$$

$$\beta = T(n, kn) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta = \mathcal{P} \otimes \mathcal{O}(k) |_{\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C})}$$

Note: $H^0(\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}), \mathcal{P} \otimes \mathcal{O}(k))$
 $= H^0(X_n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}), \mathcal{O}(k)) =$

$$= \mathcal{J}^k / (y) \mathcal{J}^k$$

since $H^0(X_n, \mathcal{O}(k)) = \mathcal{J}^k$ and \mathcal{J}^k is free over $\mathbb{C}[y_1, \dots, y_n]$

Approaches to proof/construction of \mathcal{F}_β

(1) (Oblivious - Riemann-Roch) ...

① (Oblomkov-Rozensky) Define a link invariant using MF on $\approx \mathbb{F}\text{Hilb}^n$, then prove it is isomorphic to HHH.

② (G. - Hogancamp-Wedrich) Use derived categorical traces to study link homology in the solid torus.

③ (G. - Nejt - Rasmussen)

Consider the graded algebra

$$A = \bigoplus_{k \geq 0} \text{Hom}(R, \text{FT}^k) \quad \text{where } \text{FT} = \text{full twist braid} \\ = T(n, n)$$

Multiplication: $\text{FT}^k = T(n, kn)$

$$\text{Hom}(R, \text{FT}^k) \otimes \text{Hom}(R, \text{FT}^l) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(R, \text{FT}^{k+l})$$

Recall (Lecture 3)

$$\text{Hom}(R, \text{FT}^k) = \text{HHH}^0(\text{FT}^k)$$

$$= \mathcal{J}^k / (y) \mathcal{J}^k$$

where $\mathcal{J} = \bigcap_{i,j} (x_i - x_j, y_i - y_j)$ as above!

Given a braid $\beta \rightsquigarrow T_\beta$ complex of A bimodules

Given a braid $\beta \rightsquigarrow T_\beta$ complex of bimodules
 $\rightsquigarrow \bigoplus_{k=0}^{\infty} \text{Hom}(R, T_\beta \circ FT^k) = \text{graded}$
module over $A =$

coherent sheaf on $\text{Proj } A = X_n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C})$

Expect this to lift to a (deg) functor ...

$$K^b(\text{SBim}_n) \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}^b(\text{Hilb}^n(\mathbb{C}^2, \mathbb{C}))$$

THANK YOU!

Want to learn more about link homology?
AIM research community

<https://aimath.org/programs/researchcommunities/linkhom/>